YOUNG PEOPLE'S LEGAL RIGHTS CONFERENCE 2020

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JUST FOR KIDS LAW







JUST FOR KIDS LAW: MAIN AREAS OF WORK













CORONAVIRUS LEGISLATION

- (1) Coronavirus Act 2020
- (2) Coronavirus Regulations 2020
 - Both apply to both children and adult
 - Create new criminal offences and new police powers
 - The Police can use reasonable force to make sure you comply
 - Higher risk that those confronted by the police will end up arrested for other offences
 - Looked After Children, Care Leavers and Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic (BAME) groups, who are already over-represented within the youth justice system, are at risk of being <u>disproportionately impacted</u>





NEW POWERS

- Power to make arrests to maintain public health and public order
- Breach of the Peace powers
- Power to direct you to go home in relation to overnight stays
- Powers to direct people to disperse and go home if there is an illegal gathering – can use reasonable force
- Power to remove people to their homes people in illegal gatherings in public places
- Powers relating to potentially infectious persons





POTENTIALLY INFECTIOUS PERSONS

Section 51 and Schedule 21 of the Coronavirus Act

Powers relating to **potentially infectious persons** allow <u>public health officers</u>, constables and immigration officers to:

- a) Remove and direct to a place suitable for screening and assessment
- b) Require to remain at a place for screening and assessment purposes for 48 hours (a public health officer), 24 hours (constable) or 3 hours (immigration officer)
- Only in the presence of an individual with responsibility or appropriate adult, require
 to be screened and assessed and impose other requirements in connection with
 screening and assessment
- d) Only in the presence of an individual with responsibility or appropriate adult, impose restrictions if infected or screening is inconclusive.

A constable or immigration officer may use reasonable force, if necessary, in the exercise of these powers.





POTENTIALLY INFECTIOUS PERSONS

Children

A power under paragraph 10 or 14 of Schedule 21 may only be exercised in relation to a child in the presence of—

- a) an individual who has responsibility for the child, or
- b) if the child is not accompanied by such an individual, an adult that the person exercising the power **considers to be appropriate**, having regard to any views of the child.

Where a power is exercisable in relation to a child but the child is not accompanied by an individual who has responsibility for the child, the person by whom the power is exercisable must—

- a) if practicable, contact an individual who has responsibility for the child before the power is exercised, or
- b) if that is not practicable, **take reasonable steps after the power is exercised** to contact such an individual and inform them of any exercise of the power in relation to the child.





WHAT IS THE NEW THREE-TIER ALERT SYSTEM?

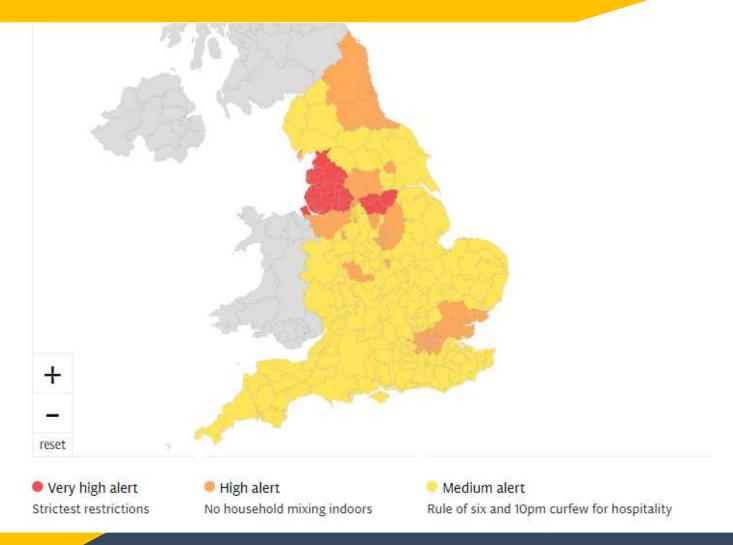
Start in England on Wednesday 14 October 2020

- Tier three Very high
- Tier two High
- Tier one Medium
- > Postcode checker: https://www.gov.uk/find-coronavirus-local-restrictions
- Department of Health & Social Care and Public Health England Guidance
- > There are different restrictions in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland





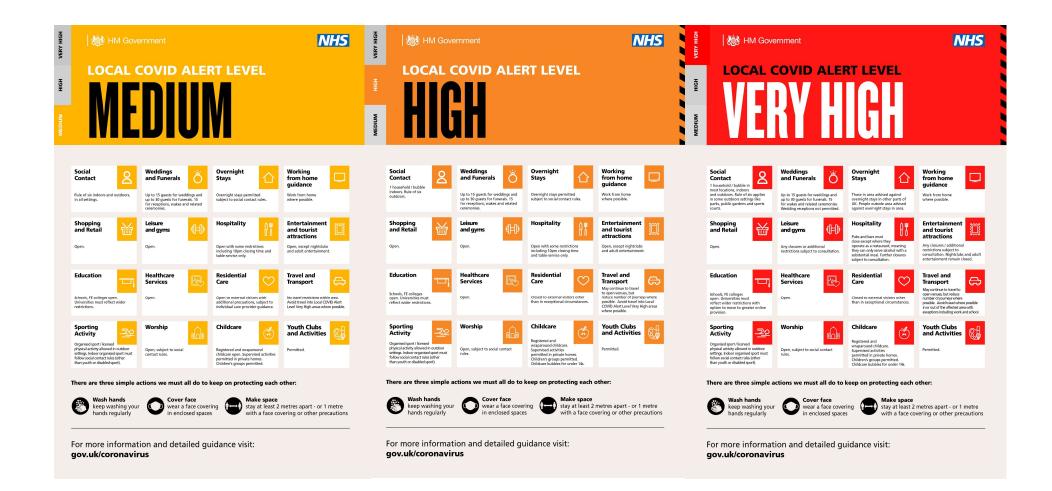
LEVEL OF RESTRICTIONS AS AT 26 OCTOBER 2020







LOCAL COVID ALERT LEVEL







Social Contact

outdoors.

1 household / bubble indoors. Rule of six

Weddings and Funerals

Up to 15 guests for weddings and

for receptions, wakes and related

up to 30 guests for funerals. 15



Overnight Stays

Overnight stays permitted

subject to social contact rules.



Work from home where possible.

guidance

Working

from home



Shopping and Retail



Leisure and gyms

ceremonies.



Hospitality



and tourist attractions



Open.

Open.

Open.

Open with some restrictions including 10pm closing time and table-service only.

Open, except nightclubs and adult entertainment.

Entertainment

Education

Schools, FE colleges

open. Universities must

reflect wider restrictions.



Healthcare Services



Residential Care



Closed to external visitors other than in exceptional circumstances.

Travel and **Transport**



May continue to travel to open venues, but reduce number of journeys where possible. Avoid travel into Local COVID Alert Level Very High areas where possible.

Sporting **Activity**



Organised sport / licensed physical activity allowed in outdoor settings. Indoor organised sport must follow social contact rules (other than youth or disabled sport).

Worship



Open, subject to social contact rules.

Childcare



Registered and wraparound childcare. Supervised activities permitted in private homes. Children's groups permitted. Childcare bubbles for under 14s. **Youth Clubs** and Activities



Permitted.





ENFORCEMENT

Meeting in larger groups

- Fixed Penalty Notice (for adults only)
- > You can be fined £200 for the first offence, doubling for further offences up to a maximum of £6,400.
- If paid within 14 days, the FPN is reduced to £100
- Criminal proceedings may be taken for the offence before the end of the period of 28 days following the date of the notice
- A person may not be convicted of the offence if the person pays the fixed penalty before the end of that period
- If you hold, or are involved in holding, an illegal gathering of over 30 people, the police can issue fines of £10,000

Potentially infectious persons

- It is an offence to fail to comply with the instructions of police officers without reasonable excuse, or obstruct them in the course of their duties, when they are exercising powers under Schedule 21.
- Offences can be punished by fines of up to £1,000 on summary conviction in a magistrates' court.

Policing

The College of Policing have stated that "enforcement should be a last resort" and issued guidance that policing will adopt a four-phase approach: "Engage, Explain, Encourage, Enforce".





LEGAL RAMIFICATIONS OF COVID-19 FOR C&YP

- Appropriate adult
- Unaccompanied children
- Availability of FPN
- Arrest and detention
- Reasonable force
- Delays in decision making
- Timely Justice: Turning 18
- Video link hearings





ARREST AND DETENTION OF C&YP

Children and particularly BAME children are disproportionately stopped and searched.

- Largest proportion stopped of all age groups (42,424) were 15-19 year olds, between October 2017 and September 2018
- Black people had the highest stop and search rates in every police force area for which there was data, between 2009/10 and 2018/19
- In the year ending March 2019, there were just over 60,200 arrests of children (aged 10-17). Black children were over four times more likely than White children to be arrested. BAME children account for 29% of children arrested.
- In 2019, BAME children accounted for two thirds (67%) of the 7,038 children detained overnight by the MPS.





ARREST AND DETENTION OF C&YP

Since Covid-19:

- ➤ Young black men were stopped and searched by police more than 20,000 times in London during the coronavirus lockdown the equivalent more than a quarter of all black 15- to 24-year-olds in the capital. More than 80% of the 21,950 searches between March and May resulted in no further action.
- Analysis by Liberty Investigates and the Guardian shows that BAME people received as many as 2,218 (16.5%) of the 13,445 fixed-penalty notices (FPNs) under distancing regulations recorded from 27 March 2020 to 11 May 2020, while White people were given about 7,865.
- Met Police data shows BAME people almost 50% more likely to be arrested for breaching coronavirus laws. Between 27 March 2020 and 14 May 2020, 414 BAME people were taken into custody in London, compared to 284 White people.



REASONABLE FORCE

- New provisions provide for the use of 'reasonable force' in exercising the powers conferred
- Increase in the use of teaser and spit-hoods as a 'distance control' use of force
- Disproportionate use of Taser and Spit-hood on BAME children

Use of Taser

- Used 1,700 times on children, between April 2018 and March 2019
- 1,009 uses by the MET, between January and October 2019
- Of those, 74% was on BAME children

Use of Spit-hood

> 34% of spit-hood use nationally and 72% of MET use accounted for BAME children, across the whole of 2017 and 2018





DELAYS IN DECISION MAKING

"All cases involving youth offenders must be dealt with expeditiously and avoid delay, which has at its core the principle that there is little point in conducting a trial for a young offender long after the alleged commission of an offence when the offender will have difficulty in relating the sentence to the offence. To maximise the impact on the youth offender, the case must be dealt with as soon as possible."

CPS Legal Guidance on Youth Offenders





TURNING 18 DURING COVID-19

- Impact of Turning 18
- Disproportionality
- Loss of presumption of diversion
- Availability of Youth Offending Team (YOT) support
- Adult Courts
- Adult sentences
- Loss of anonymity





VIDEO LINK HEARINGS

- Increase in the use of video link facilities
- Risk of compromising rights to a fair trial and ability to effectively participate
- Impedes ability to build rapport and trust with the young person
- Decision to undertake virtual hearings should be undertaken with extreme caution
- > Should not be the default position for non-administrative hearings





SPEAK TO YOUR LAWYER

Coronavirus: Interim CPS Case Review Guidance – Application of the Public Interest Covid-19 crisis response

✓ clarifies prosecutors' review responsibilities under the Code in the context of the Covid-19 pandemic





STOP AND SEARCH, KNOW YOUR RIGHTS







FURTHER RESOURCES

- □YJLC FREE Legal Advice Line https://yjlc.uk/advice/
- ☐ Youth Justice Law and Practice by Kate Aubrey-Johnson,
 Shauneen Lambe and Jennifer Twite
 https://www.lag.org.uk/shop/book-title/206106/youth-justice-law-and-practice



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